

**1. Derivations – give an English word derived from the following:**

- (a) μεγας
- (b) άκουω
- (c) βιος

[3 marks]

**2. Grammar:**

- (a) Put ό άνθρωπος into the dative singular.
- (b) Put ή θαλασσα into the accusative plural.

[2 marks]

**3. Translate the following sentences:**

- (a) οί Άθηναιοι πεμπουσιν τον στρατηγον προς τον πολεμον.
- (b) οί βαρβαροι ού θυσουσι τοις θεοις.
- (c) ό άγαθος ποιητης πειθει τους πολιτας.
- (d) ό ξενος άγγελλει τον του στρατηγου θανατον τω δημω.
- (e) την σοφιαν φιλουμεν. (from φιλεω)

[25 marks]

**4. Translate the following into Greek:**

- (a) The citizens have justice.
- (b) The words of the doctor are wise.
- (c) The slave will free the horses.
- (d) I am marching to war.
- (e) The victory of the Athenians is fine.

[25 marks]

5. Translate the following passage into good English.

Please write your translation on alternate lines.

*Spartan education led by Lycurgus the lawgiver*

οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι<sup>1</sup> μάλιστα<sup>2</sup> ἐθαυμάζον<sup>3</sup> τὸν Λυκούργον<sup>4</sup> ὅτι νομοῦς<sup>5</sup> καλλιστοὺς τοὺς πολίταις ἔγραψεν.

ὁ Λυκούργος τοὺς Λακεδαιμόνιους ἐπαιδεύει τοὺς θεοὺς θεραπεύει, τὴν σοφίαν φιλεῖ, καὶ τῆς ἀρετῆς<sup>6</sup> ἐπιμελίσθαι<sup>7</sup>. καὶ τὴν μὲν γῆν τοὺς πολίταις μετὰ δικῆς ἐνεμε<sup>8</sup>, τοὺς δὲ στρατιώτας πρὸς πόλεμον ἐπαιδεύει.

ἐν τοῖς διδασκαλείοις<sup>9</sup> τὰ τέκνα πρὸς τὴν ἀρετὴν καὶ τὴν ἀνδρείαν<sup>10</sup> ἐδίδασκε<sup>11</sup>, καὶ πολλακίς<sup>12</sup> οἱ ξένοι τοὺς υἱοὺς εἰς τὴν Σπάρτην<sup>13</sup> ἐπέμπον.

καὶ τὰς παῖδας ἀνδρείας, δικαίας, σοφὰς εἶναι ἐπαιδεύει.

οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι ἀεὶ<sup>14</sup> ἐφυλάσσουν τοὺς νόμους καὶ ἐθεραπεύουν τὸν Λυκούργον ὡς<sup>15</sup> θεόν.

**Vocabulary:**

<sup>1</sup> Λακεδαιμόνιοι, -ων οἱ = the Spartans

<sup>2</sup> μάλιστα = very much

<sup>3</sup> θαυμάζω = I admire

<sup>4</sup> Λυκούργος, -ου ὁ = Lycurgus (legendary Spartan lawgiver)

<sup>5</sup> νόμος, -ου ὁ = law

<sup>6</sup> ἀρετὴ, -ης ἡ = courage

<sup>7</sup> ἐπιμελίσθαι = to strive for

<sup>8</sup> νεμω = I establish

<sup>9</sup> διδασκαλεῖον, -ου τό = school

<sup>10</sup> ἀνδρεία, -ας ἡ = bravery

<sup>11</sup> διδάσκω = I teach

<sup>12</sup> πολλακίς = often

<sup>13</sup> Σπάρτη, -ης ἡ = Sparta

<sup>14</sup> ἀεὶ = always

<sup>15</sup> ὡς = as

[20 marks]

**6. Write a short essay on one of the following:**

EITHER:

(a) The Spartans educated their children to be brave, strong and wise. How does your study of Greek language and stories enable you to be any of these?

OR:

(b) Before they went into battle, the Spartans wives and mothers used to say “come back either with your shield or on it”. What do you think this means, and is it relevant in today’s world?

[10 marks]

[Total for paper: 85 marks]